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Summary: The Myth of the Rational Voter The Myth of the Rational Voter The Myth of the Rational Voter The Myth of the Rational Voter The Myth of the Framework The Myth of the Closed Mind The Myth of the Rational Market Logic and Effects of Rational Ignorance. The Theory of Public Choice Summary of Brief Comprehensive Guide on Bryan Caplan's the Myth of the Rational Voter - Why Democracies Choose Bad Policies Systemic Risk Summary of Justin Fox's The Myth of the Rational Market Dreaming the Rational City Myth and the Limits of Reason The Rise and Fall of Homo Economicus Plato and the Mythic Tradition in Political Thought Myth of the Rational Market A History of Risk, Reward and Delusion on Wall Street Myths of Reason From a Rational Point of View The Poverty of Eros in Plato's Symposium Envisioning Democracy The Myth of American Democracy New Myth, New World Russian Postmodernism Rationalizing Myth in Antiquity Edward Conze's The Psychology of Mass Propaganda Primary Understanding Minimal Rationality The Myth of Irrationality Plato's Dialectic at Play Encyclopedia of Social Theory J.R.R. Tolkien's Sanctifying Myth Rationality in Question The Myth of British Monarchy Myth and Philosophy The Myth of Religious Violence Models and Concepts of Ideology The Myth of Democracy Counseling and Psychotherapy with Children and Adolescents

Summary: The Myth of the Rational Voter 2017-01-30 the must read summary of bryan caplan s book the myth of the rational voter why democracies choose bad policies this complete summary of the myth of the rational voter by bryan caplan a renowned economist and political commentator presents his investigation into why voters are largely influenced by misconceptions irrational beliefs and personal opinions in his book the author reveals how voters continue to elect the candidates that share their personal beliefs which means that bad policies are chosen again and again due to public demand caplan boldly questions assumptions about america s politics and claims that democracy is failing because politicians choose bad policies to satisfy the electorate added value of this summary save time understand why uninformed voters pose a threat to the essence of democracy expand your knowledge of american politics and elections to learn more read the myth of the rational voter and find out the truth behind american politics and how irrational voters essentially hold all the power

The Myth of the Rational Voter 2007 caplan argues that voters continually elect politicians who either share their biases or else pretend to resulting in bad policies winning again and again by popular demand calling into question our most basic assumptions about american politics caplan contends that democracy fails precisely because it does what voters want through an analysis of american s voting behavior and opinions on a range of economic issues he makes the case that noneconomists suffer from four prevailing biases they underestimate the wisdom of the market mechanism distrust foreigners undervalue the benefits of conserving labor and pessimistically believe the economy is going from bad to worse caplan lays out several ways to make democratic government work better *The Myth of the Rational Voter* 2011-08-15 the greatest obstacle to sound economic policy is not entrenched special interests or rampant lobbying but the popular misconceptions irrational beliefs and personal biases held by ordinary voters this is economist bryan caplan s sobering assessment in this provocative and eye opening book caplan argues that voters continually elect politicians who either share their biases or else pretend to resulting in bad policies winning again and again by popular demand boldly calling into question our most basic assumptions about american politics caplan contends that democracy fails precisely because it does what voters want through an analysis of americans voting behavior and opinions on a range of economic issues he makes the convincing case that noneconomists suffer from four prevailing biases they underestimate the wisdom of the market mechanism distrust foreigners undervalue the benefits of conserving labor and pessimistically believe the economy is going from bad to worse caplan lays out several bold ways to make democratic government work better for example urging economic educators to focus on correcting popular misconceptions and recommending that democracies do less and let markets take up the slack the myth of the rational voter takes an unflinching look at how people who vote under the influence of false beliefs ultimately end up with government that delivers lousy results with the upcoming presidential election season drawing nearer this thought provoking book is sure to spark a long overdue reappraisal of our elective system

The Myth of the Rational Voter 2009 in theory democracy is a bulwark against socially harmful policies in practice however democracies frequently adopt and maintain policies that are damaging how can this paradox be explained the influence of special interests and voter ignorance are two leading explanations i offer an alternative story of how and why democracy fails the central idea is that voters are

worse than ignorant they are in a word irrational and they vote accordingly despite their lack of knowledge voters are not humble agnostics instead they confidently embrace a long list of misconceptions in the minds of many winston churchill s famous aphorism cuts the conversation short democracy is the worst form of government except all those other forms that have been tried from time to time but this saying overlooks the fact that governments vary in scope as well as form in democracies the main alternative to majority rule is not dictatorship but markets a better understanding of voter irrationality advises us to rely less on democracy and more on the market

The Myth of the Framework 2014-04-23 in a career spanning sixty years sir karl popper has made some of the most important contributions to the twentieth century discussion of science and rationality the myth of the framework is a new collection of some of popper s most important material on this subject sir karl discusses such issues as the aims of science the role that it plays in our civilization the moral responsibility of the scientist the structure of history and the perennial choice between reason and revolution in doing so he attacks intellectual fashions like positivism that exaggerate what science and rationality have done as well as intellectual fashions like relativism that denigrate what science and rationality can do scientific knowledge according to popper is one of the most rational and creative of human achievements but it is also inherently fallible and subject to revision in place of intellectual fashions popper offers his own critical rationalism a view that he regards both as a theory of knowledge and as an attitude towards human life human morals and democracy published in cooperation with the central european university

The Myth of the Closed Mind 2012 religious zeal suicide terrorism passionate commitment to ideologies and the results of various psychological tests are often cited to show that humans are fundamentally irrational the author examines all such supposed examples of irrationality and argues that they are compatible with rationality rationality does not mean absence of error but the possibility of correcting error in the light of criticism in this sense all human beliefs are rational they are all vulnerable to being abandoned when shown to be faulty

The Myth of the Rational Market 2009-06-02 do we really need yet another book about the financial crisis yes we do because this one is different a must read for anyone who wants to understand the mess we re in paul krugman new york times book review fox makes business history thrilling st louis post dispatch a lively history of ideas the myth of the rational market by former time magazine economics columnist justin fox describes with insight and wit the rise and fall of the world s most influential investing idea the efficient markets theory both a new york times bestseller and notable book of the year longlisted for the financial times business book of the year award and named one of library journal best business books of the year the myth of the rational market carries readers from the earliest days of wall street to the current financial crisis debunking the long held myth that the stock market is always right in the process while intelligently exploring the replacement theory of behavioral economics

Logic and Effects of Rational Ignorance. The Theory of Public Choice 2016-04-01 essay from the year 2010 in the subject economics other grade 3 university of münster institut für Ökonomische Bildung course public choice theory language english abstract many political failure arguments implicitly assume that voters are irrational the main part of this paper is going to show that this assumption is plausible this paper will show why voters prefer to be ignorant what logic motivates this behavior what effects this ignorance could or

may have in election results the focus of this paper is to try to understand what issue those behaviors may bring to electoral systems and to try to demonstrate what irrational ignorance really is josh billings in caruth and ehrlich 1988 p 205 said the trouble with people is not that they don't know but that they know so much that they ain't so arguing with this citation we could conclude that rational ignorance does not happen because of a lack of information but because of a voluntary refusal of being informed the subject won't be informed because he doesn't see any use in this information rational ignorance occurs when the cost of educating oneself on an issue exceeds the potential benefit that the knowledge would provide rational ignorance can be found most often in the case of general elections when the voter considers the probability of his vote changing the outcome to be pretty small those voters will definitely not cast their vote

Summary of Brief Comprehensive Guide on Bryan Caplan's the Myth of the Rational Voter - Why Democracies Choose Bad Policies

2016-12-22 most people would agree that democracy is broken yet we all know that it is the best governmental system we have despite it being the best system we are facing an unprecedented crisis unemployment is high most economies are stagnating and yet everything the governments are trying to do to save the economy is failing to deliver the reason they are failing is due to the process of democracy itself in bryan caplan's book the myth of the rational voter bryan goes into some depth about the reasons democracies are suffering and what can be done to fix them in this summary we will analyze discuss and summarize the key points in the myth of the rational voter by bryan caplan enjoy

Systemic Risk 2013-09 five years have past since the outbreak of one of the worst financial crises the world has ever witnessed yet despite an exceedingly diverse range of publications available to date central questions have remained unanswered indeed systemic risk has become both a buzzword and has developed into an acute threat but what exactly constitutes the very essence of the concept and might it be considered an economic or rather a political phenomenon book jacket

Summary of Justin Fox's The Myth of the Rational Market 2022-03-01T21:00:00Z please note this is a companion version not the original book sample book insights 1 after the theft of his manuscript yale university economics professor irving fisher went right back to work he had a habit of overcoming setbacks that might cause a lesser person to despair his ideas began to have an impact in his lifetime and after his death they took off 2 the idea that the stock market is a place of pure rationality was first put forward by irving fisher in the 1920s however this idea was not unique to him in paris mathematics student louis bachelier studied the price fluctuations on the paris bourse in a similar spirit 3 bachelier used the assumptions of the bell curve to depict price movements on the paris exchange he began with the insight that the mathematical expectation of the speculator is zero and that price changes in an instant are unpredictable in direction but predictably small 4 when he died in 1946 one year before irving fisher no one on the trading floor was making use of his ideas his colleagues were nonplussed by his interest in markets

Dreaming the Rational City 1986 dreaming the rational city is both a history of the city planning profession in the united states and a major polemical statement about the effort to plan and reform the american city boyer shows why city planning which had so much promise at the outset for making cities more liveable largely failed she reveals planning's real responsibilities and goals including the kind of rational order that was actually forseen by the planning mentality and concludes that the planners have continuously served the

canonical reputation as the inventor of rational philosophy since the enlightenment interpreters like hegel have sought to resolve this tension by treating plato s myths as mere regrettable embellishments irrelevant to his main enterprise others such as karl popper have railed against the deceptive power of myth concluding that a tradition built on platonic foundations can be neither rational nor desirable tae yeoun keum challenges the premise underlying both of these positions she argues that myth is neither irrelevant nor inimical to the ideal of rational progress she tracks the influence of plato s dialogues through the early modern period and on to the twentieth century showing how pivotal figures in the history of political thought more bacon leibniz the german idealists cassirer and others have been inspired by plato s mythmaking she finds that plato s followers perennially raised the possibility that there is a vital role for myth in rational political thinking

Myth of the Rational Market A History of Risk, Reward and Deception on Wall Street 1995 modern investing know how is founded on the efficient market hypothesis which holds that markets are rational and therefore difficult to beat originally codified in the 1960s at the university of chicago the efficient market theory became accepted wisdom for both academicians and market players this theory has been the driver of trillions of investment dollars the inspiration for index funds and vast new derivatives markets the world over the theory holds that the market is always right and that the decisions of millions of rational investors all acting on information to outsmart one another always provide the best judge of a stock s value ã the great financial crash of 2008 has forced the investment world to ask the heretical question whether the theory is in fact wrong a hugely acclaimed international bestseller the myth of the rational market is a fascinating exploration of how and whether the efficient market theory is seriously flawed the answer could affect how the world invests and how you should celebrated journalist and columnist fox introduces a new wave of economists and scholars who now agree with yale professor robert shiller that the efficient market theory represents one of the most remarkable errors in the history of economic thought the new thinking holds that investors overreact under react and make irrational decisions based on imperfect data in his landmark book fox uncovers the new ideas that may come to drive the market in the century ahead so is your existing investment knowledge flawed do investors need to update themselves with new knowledge in order to profit in the contemporary markets read this book and decide for yourself it may be the most important investment decision you will ever make

Myths of Reason 2018-05-11 addresses the meaning of rationality the author argues that common conceptions of this notion are founded upon dubious myths of reason and that systematic approaches to rational understanding are inherently limited by denying the cognitive value of myth and metaphor

From a Rational Point of View 2016-03-24 when discussing normative reasons oughts requirements of rationality motivating reasons and so on we often have to use verbs like believe and want to capture a relevant subject s perspective according to the received view about sentences involving these verbs what they do is describe the subject s mental states many puzzles concerning normative discourse have to do with the role that mental states consequently appear to play in normative discourse tim henning uses tools from semantics and the philosophy of language to develop an alternative account of sentences involving these verbs according to this view which is called parentheticalism we very commonly use these verbs in a parenthetical sense these verbs themselves express backgrounded side remarks

on the contents they embed and these latter embedded contents constitute the at issue contents this means that instead of speaking about the subject's mental states we often use sentences involving believe and want to speak about the world from her point of view Henning makes this notion precise and uses it to solve various puzzles concerning normative discourse the final result is a new unified understanding of normative discourse which gets by without postulating conceptual breaks between objective and subjective normative reasons or normative reasons and rationality or indeed between the reasons we ascribe to an agent and the reasons she herself can be expected to cite instead of being connected to either subjective mental states or objective facts all of these normative statuses are can be adequately articulated by citing worldly considerations from a subject's point of view

The Poverty of Eros in Plato's Symposium 1979-04 the poverty of eros in plato's symposium offers an innovative new approach towards eros and the concept of eros in the symposium lorelle d lamascus argues that plato's depiction of eros as the child of poverty penia and resource poros is central to understanding the nature of love eros is traditionally seen as self interested or acquisitive but this book argues instead that eros and reason are properly in accord with one another the moral life and the philosophical life alike depend upon properly trained and directed eros lamascus demonstrates that the presentation of the nature of poverty is essential to the nature of eros in the symposium doing this through in depth discussion of the major twentieth century interpretations of platonic eros the book shows that poverty provides an appropriate directing of eros towards eternal and unchanging goods and away from an age geared towards material items and wealth and thus that plato's mythical treatment of eros in the symposium lays the groundwork for understanding the soul's embrace of poverty as a way of living loving and knowing

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Envisioning Democracy 2013-04 few terms elicit such strong and varied feelings and yet have so little clarity as democracy leaders of large states use democracy to designate their nations public character even as critics and rivals use the term to validate their own political perspectives in envisioning democracy the editors and contributors address the following questions what does democracy mean today what could it mean tomorrow what is the dynamic of democracy in an increasingly interdependent world envisioning democracy explores these questions amid the dynamic of democracy as a political phenomenon interacting with forms of economic ethical ethnic and intellectual life the book draws on the work of sheldon s wolin 1922 2015 one of the most influential american theorists of the last fifty years here scholars consider the historical conditions theoretical elements and practical impediments to democracy using wolin's insights as touchstones in thinking through the possibilities and obstacles facing democracy now and in the future

The Myth of American Democracy 2010-11-01 in his current work trenton fervor author of the last individual the ascendancy of the sociomaniacal mindset delivers a critical exposition of democracy and its defects the myth of american democracy is an unapologetic critique of the american political system and an attempt to dismantle the mystique perpetuated to sanctify and sanction it fervor entreats the reader to reexamine the notion of democracy and its attendant processes absent the sophistic demagoguery and to more closely consider the actual nature of the institution and the establishment behemoth which inhabits and advances it the reader is encouraged to

confront the myth and deception which pervade the contemporary conception of democracy and to accept the reality that the democratic emperor is naked democracy today is in truth fundamentally absurd its premise is that an ideologically coherent consistent and efficient social policy program can be constructed by formulating each aspect of the overall program through a process of majoritarian amalgamation of contradictory incongruent and confrontational views the myth of american democracy is an important rebuke of conventional democratic orthodoxy which will challenge readers to reevaluate their sympathies for the system this book is recommended reading for everyone who has wrestled with the troubling suspicion that there is something inherently dubious and defective about the democratic system

New Myth, New World 2016 the nazis use and misuse of nietzsche is well known in this pioneering book bernice glatzer rosenthal excavates the trail of long obscured nietzschean ideas that took root in late imperial russia intertwining with other elements in the culture to become a vital ingredient of bolshevism and stalinism

Russian Postmodernism 2014-05 recent decades have been decisive for russia not only politically but culturally as well the end of the cold war has enabled russia to take part in the global rise and crystallization of postmodernism this volume investigates the manifestations of this crucial trend in russian fiction poetry art and spirituality demonstrating how russian postmodernism is its own unique entity it offers a point of departure and valuable guide to an area of contemporary literary cultural studies insufficiently represented in english language scholarship this second edition includes additional essays on the topic and a new introduction examining the most recent developments

Rationalizing Myth in Antiquity 2023-03-24 based on the author s dissertation university of bristol jan 2011

Edward Conze's The Psychology of Mass Propaganda 2012-04-27 edward conze s the psychology of mass propaganda presents a commentary on the psychology of propaganda during the rise of fascism in europe in the 1930s it discusses the conditions which generate vulnerability to misinformation in human societies and thus offers insight into how propaganda may be withstood completed in 1939 during the period of conze s own inflection from marxist philosophy to buddhist studies the original manuscript was never published and is now in print for the first time presenting a unique historical perspective while also appealing to an acutely topical interest in the conditions under which autocracy and fascism arise the book examines the psychology of mass propaganda through copious contemporary and historical examples conze focuses especially on recent news articles and the statements of the propagandists of many of the governments that would go on to participate in the second world war including germany italy the ussr usa and uk all of which he interprets through the lens of recent psychological and historical research the book has been edited and includes a new introduction by richard n levine and nathan h levine also featuring a foreword by american legal scholar laurence h tribe and an afterword by actor director writer and buddhist priest peter coyote this is a fascinating opportunity for scholars across several disciplines including political scientists and psychologists historians and sociologists to access one of conze s previously unpublished works it will also be of importance to those interested in conze s work on buddhist philosophy and in the psychology of propaganda more broadly

Primary Understanding 1986-01-01 beginning with descriptions of the ways in which children make sense of their experience and the world such as fantasy stories and games egan constructs his argument that constituting this foundational layer are sets of cultural sense making capacities reflected in oral cultures throughout the world egan sees education as the acquisition of these sets of sense making capacities available in our culture and his goal is to conceptualize primary education in a way that over comes the dichotomy between progressivism and traditionalism attending both the needs of the individual child and the accumulation of knowledge

Minimal Rationality 1994 in minimal rationality christopher cherniak boldly challenges the myth of man the the rational animal and the central role that the perfectly rational agent has had in philosophy psychology and other cognitive sciences as well as in economics

The Myth of Irrationality 2015-10-29 clears up misconceptions about irrationalism and looks at madness dreams laughter genius imagination altered states and emotions

Plato's Dialectic at Play 2012-12-06 the symposium is one of plato s most accessible dialogues an engrossing historical document as well as an entertaining literary masterpiece by uncovering the structural design of the dialogue plato s dialectic at play aims at revealing a plato for whom the dialogical form was not merely ornamentation or philosophical methodology but the essence of philosophical exploration his dialectic is not only argument it is also play careful analysis of each layer of the text leads cumulatively to a picture of the dialogue s underlying structure related to both argument and myth and shows that a dynamic link exists between diotima s higher mysteries and the organization of the dialogue as a whole on this basis the authors argue that the symposium with its positive theory of art contained in the ascent to the beautiful may be viewed as a companion piece to the republic with its negative critique of the role of art in the context of the good following nietzsche s suggestion and applying criteria developed by mikhail bakhtin they further argue for seeing the symposium as the first novel the book concludes with a comprehensive reevaluation of the significance of the symposium and its place in plato s thought generally touching on major issues in platonic scholarship the nature of art the body soul connection the problem of identity the relationship between mythos and logos platonic love and the question of authorial writing and the vanishing signature of the absent plato himself

Encyclopedia of Social Theory 2023-08-29 the encyclopedia of social theory contains over 500 entries varying from concise definitions of key terms and short biographies of key theorists to comprehensive surveys of leading concepts debates themes and schools the object of the encyclopedia has been to give thorough coverage of the central topics in theoretical sociology as well as terms and concepts in the methodology and philosophy of social science although 106 theorists are given entries the emphasis of the work is on the elucidation of ideas rather than intellectual biography the encyclopedia covers the leading contemporary domains of debate on social theory and the classical legacies of social thinkers from the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries giving proper balance to both the european and north american traditions and to important new developments in the global self understanding of sociology social theory has become one of the most vigorous specialisms of sociology in recent years this is in part due to the considerable overlaps of social theory with other disciplinary areas such as cultural and media studies anthropology and political theory and to the cross disciplinary nature of theoretical approaches such as feminism and psychoanalysis and new fields such as postcolonial studies the editors have therefore worked to

produce in the encyclopedia of social theory a first call reference for students and researchers across the social sciences and humanities with an interest in contemporary theory and the modern history of ideas the encyclopedia has been authored by leading international specialists in the field under the direction of a well balanced editorial team it is comprehensively cross referenced and all larger entries carry bibliographies there is a full index

J.R.R. Tolkien's Sanctifying Myth 2024-03-04 with a new introduction by the author peter jackson s film version of j r r tolkien s lord of the rings trilogy and the accompanying rings related paraphernalia and publicity has played a unique role in the dissemination of tolkien s imaginative creation to the masses yet for most readers and viewers the underlying meaning of middle earth has remained obscure bradley birzer has remedied that with this fresh study in j r r tolkien s sanctifying myth understanding middle earth birzer reveals the surprisingly specific religious symbolism that permeates tolkien s middle earth legendarium he also explores the social and political views that motivated the oxford don ultimately situating tolkien within the christian humanist tradition represented by thomas more and t s eliot dante and c s lewis birzer argues that through the genre of myth tolkien created a world that is essentially truer than the one we think we see around us everyday a world that transcends the colorless disenchantment of our postmodern age

Rationality in Question 1989 the main purpose of this book is to show that there is no good reason why the british monarchy should be popular as it is and no argument adequate to justify its existence

The Myth of British Monarchy 1990 hatab s work is more than an interpretative study inspired by neitzsche and heidegger of the historical relationship between myth and philosophy in ancient greece its conclusions go beyond the historical case study and amount to a defence of the intelligibility of myth against an exclusively rational or objective view of the world

Myth and Philosophy 2009-09-03 the idea that religion has a dangerous tendency to promote violence is part of the conventional wisdom of western societies and it underlies many of our institutions and policies from limits on the public role of religion to efforts to promote liberal democracy in the middle east william t cavanaugh challenges this conventional wisdom by examining how the twin categories of religion and the secular are constructed a growing body of scholarly work explores how the category religion has been constructed in the modern west and in colonial contexts according to specific configurations of political power cavanaugh draws on this scholarship to examine how timeless and transcultural categories of religion and the secular are used in arguments that religion causes violence he argues three points 1 there is no transhistorical and transcultural essence of religion what counts as religious or secular in any given context is a function of political configurations of power 2 such a transhistorical and transcultural concept of religion as non rational and prone to violence is one of the foundational legitimating myths of western society 3 this myth can be and is used to legitimate neo colonial violence against non western others particularly the muslim world

The Myth of Religious Violence 2023-03-13 western intellectuals and politicians are writing and speaking about the triumphs and salvific powers of democracy but according to swedish historian and philosopher tage lindbom there is a widening gap between democratist rhetoric and concrete reality democratism is surging in the midst of deepening social and political problems including falling standards of moral conduct declining education political corruption the destruction of the family and crime in this provocative and highly

engaging volume lindbom analyzes some of the most important elements of the protracted process that finally produced the modern myth of self governing man turning the tables on our progressive age lindbom asks readers to consider the possibility that democracy is quintessentially the manifestation of spiritual debacle the attempt to replace the true sovereignty of god with the kingdom of man

Models and Concepts of Ideology 1996 a comprehensive theory based approach to working with youngclients in both school and clinical settings counseling and psychotherapy with children and adolescents fifth edition provides mental health professionals and studentswith state of the art theory and practical guidance for majorcontemporary psychotherapeutic schools of thought children andadolescents are not just small adults they have their own needs requirements and desires on top of the issues presented bystill developing brains and limited life perspective providingcare for young clients requires a deep understanding of theinterventions and approaches that work alongside growing brains and the practical skill to change course to align with evolvingpersonalities the thoroughly revised fifth edition is acomprehensive reference complete with expert insight organized around theory this book covers both clinical andschool settings in the fields of psychology counseling and socialwork coverage of the latest thinking and practice includescognitive behavioral rational emotive reality therapy solutionfocused family systems and play therapy providing a completeresource for any mental health expert who works with youngpeople understand the major approaches to counseling andpsychotherapeutic interventions discover the ethical and legal implications of working withchildren and adolescents learn how to employ culturally responsive counseling withyounger clients examine interventions for children and adolescents withdisabilities and health care needs this updated edition includes a stronger emphasis on theclinical application of theory to specific disorders of childhoodand adolescence and new coverage of the legal and ethical issuesrelated to social media chapters include a case studies and onlineresources that make it ideal for classroom use and new chapters onsolution focused therapy and play therapy enhance usefulness topracticing therapists expert guidance covers techniques forworking with individuals groups and parents and explores theefficacy of the theories under discussion

The Myth of Democracy 2014-12-08

Counseling and Psychotherapy with Children and Adolescents

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